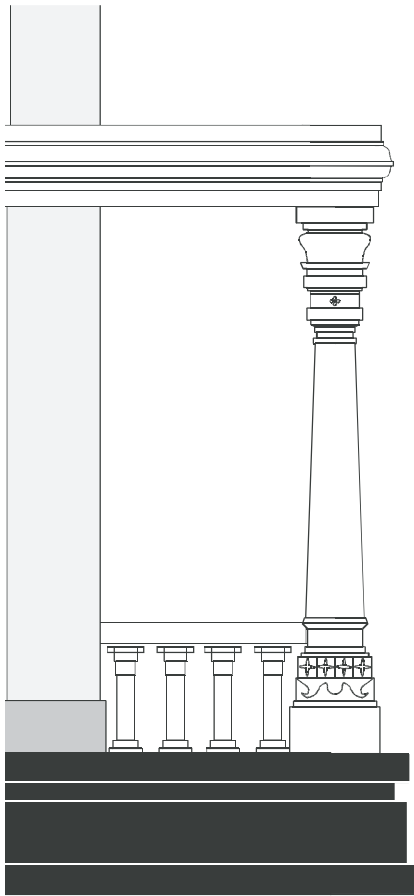
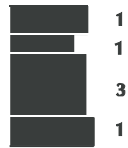


DETAIL OF PLINTH



GALA-MANCHAKA

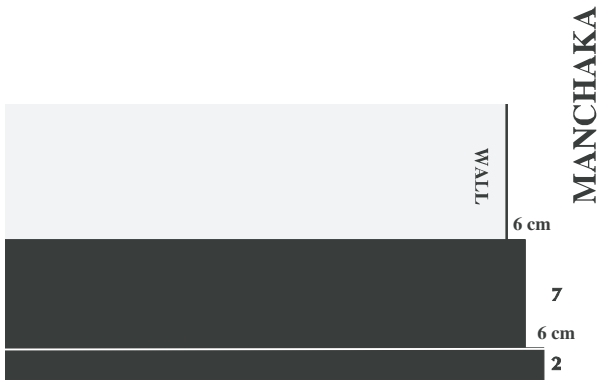
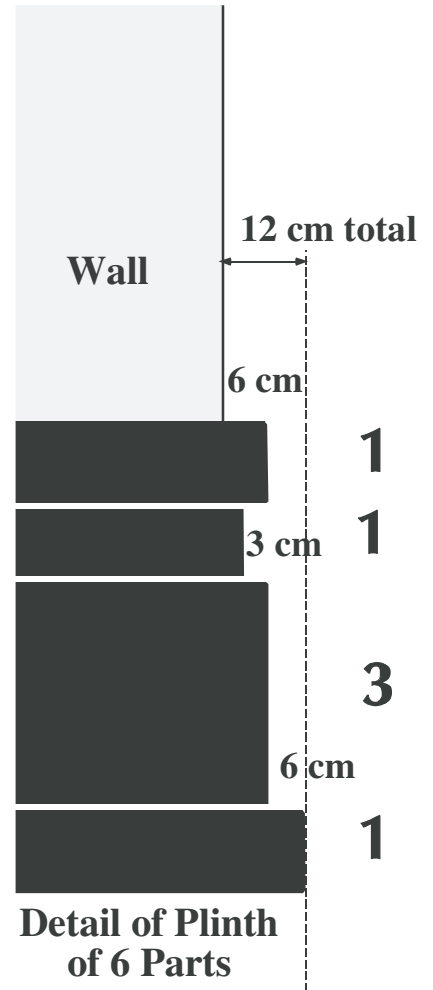


Plinth of 6 parts

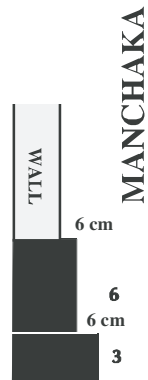
UTHAMA
GALA-MANCHAKA



Plinth of 14 parts



Plinth of 9 parts



Plinth of 9 parts





Plinth of 6 Parts



Plinth of 9 Parts



INFORMATION ON VEDIC PLINTH DESIGN

According to the terms of your non-disclosure agreement this information as well as the attached diagram is confidential, and must not be photocopied or shared with anyone other than your architect or designer. Please share it with your architect or designer only after he/she has signed and submitted to us a copy of our non-disclosure agreement. The memo may be photocopied once in order to permit you to share it with him/her.

The plinth or base of the house is an essential element in Maharishi Sthāpatya Veda®. The ground floor of your house should be raised above the ground by a minimum of 48cm, and the exterior walls of the building below the level of the finished floor are a little thicker (projecting outwards) than are the walls of the house above. This thicker raised base is referred to as *plinth*. The attached diagram illustrates this.

The plinth should have one of the Vedic profiles with proportions as shown. As the diagram shows also, the bottom of the plinth should correspond to grade (ground level) around your building. The top of the plinth should correspond precisely to the finished height of your first floor (finished floor level).

The precise overall height is not shown on these diagrams. Based on your proposal, it will be calculated by the Maharishi Sthāpatya Veda experts together with all other parts of the elevation and the total height of your building.

You may choose from among the three attached plinth profiles with Vedic proportions: the plinths of 5 parts, 6 parts or 14 parts. By subdividing the overall plinth height into 5, 6, or 14 equal parts, the height of each of the parts of your plinth is determined.

The width of your plinth and each of its parts is identical whether you chose a plinth of 5, 6, or 14 parts. This width is shown on the attached *Detail of Plinth* diagram.

Attention:

Basement or foundation walls (to face of finish) should be the same thickness as the lower portion of the plinth. In general this means that the finished basement or foundation walls will be 12cm thicker than the ground floor exterior walls (exterior wall thickness of ground floor plus 12cm thickness of the plinth at its lowest part).

If you have any questions about one of the above points, please contact us and we will help you to understand how to create an ideal Vedic plinth.